Table 8. Nonfatal occupational illness incidence rates by industry and category of illness, 2001

Indiana

	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ³								
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Total cases	Skin diseases or disorders	Dust diseases of the lungs	Respira- tory condi- tions due to toxic agents	Poisoning	Disorders due to physical agents	Disorders associ- ated with repeated trauma	All other occupa- tional illnesses
All Industries including State and local government ⁴		52.0	9.4	0.1	2.0	0.7	3.7	30.6	5.5
Private Industry⁴		54.2	8.9	0.1	1.8	0.8	3.8	33.9	4.9
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing⁴		25.6	19.8	(⁵)	2.1	(⁵)	1.6	0.5	1.6
Agricultural production ⁴ Agricultural production-crops ⁴ Agricultural services	01-02 01 07	43.8 35.5 16.9	16.4	(5)	6.5 8.2 (⁵)		4.9 (⁵) (⁵)	1.6 (⁵) (⁵)	4.9 8.2 (⁵)
Mining ⁶		23.2	(⁵)	1.4	(⁵)	12.3	6.8	2.7	(⁵)
Construction			11.7	(⁵)	(⁵)	0.2	0.9		1.9
General building contractors Heavy construction, except building Special trade contractors	15 16 17	2.9 3.2 			(⁵) (⁵) (⁵)	(⁵) (⁵) 0.4	2.9 0.6 (⁵)		(⁵) 1.3 2.7
Manufacturing		125.2	18.2	0.1	3.0	1.2		91.6	7.0
Durable goods		119.0	13.2	0.1	3.7	1.6		87.8	7.5
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Electronic and other electric equipment Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	24 25 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	49.3 95.6 64.6 85.7 101.0 131.7 118.2 196.3 138.6	6.4 9.9 13.0 7.1 28.9 4.3 	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	(⁵) (⁵) 1.8 4.4 4.7 3.9 1.5 5.9 2.1	(⁵) 5.1 1.2 0.4 1.4 (⁵)	7.1 3.0 1.9 3.5	64.9 89.9	3.3 (⁵) 7.4 5.9 16.2 6.1 16.0 2.8 (⁵)
Nondurable goods		141.4	31.0	0.1	1.2	0.1	2.0	101.3	5.5
Food and kindred products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products	20 23 26 27 28 29 30	298.0 129.7 81.0 95.2 (⁵) 149.2	24.0 (⁵) 1.8 35.5 (⁵)	(⁵) (⁵) 0.3 (⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵) (⁵) (⁵) 0.3	1.7 (⁵) (⁵) 2.7 2.8 (⁵) 2.4	95.8 7.4 74.3 38.0 (⁵)	17.3
Transportation and public utilities ⁸				(⁵)					
Railroad transportation ⁸ Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40 41 42 48 49	63.7 7.7 26.8	11.8 1.2 20.2	(⁵)	(⁵) 44.8 2.5 (⁵) 1.1	(⁵)	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	1.4 (⁵) 3.8 3.8 4.9	7.1 (⁵) 2.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Nonfatal occupational illness incidence rates by industry and category of illness, 2001 -- Continued Indiana

		Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ³							
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Total cases	Skin diseases or disorders	Dust diseases of the lungs	Respira- tory condi- tions due to toxic agents	Poisoning	Disorders due to physical agents	Disorders associ- ated with repeated trauma	All other occupa- tional illnesses
Wholesale and retail trade		12.7	0.6	(⁵)	0.2	0.6	0.9	9.7	0.8
Wholesale trade		12.2	1.0	(⁵)	0.4	(⁵)	3.3	7.3	(⁵)
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	13.6	1.5	(⁵)	0.6	(⁵)	5.0	6.5	(⁵)
Wholesale tradenondurable goods	51	9.4	(⁵)	(⁵)	0.5	(⁵)	(⁵)	8.9	(⁵)
Retail trade		12.9	0.4	(⁵)	0.1	0.8	0.1	10.5	1.1
Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59	19.7 7.5 25.0 35.3 (⁵) (⁵) 45.9	3.3 (⁵) (⁵) (⁵) (⁵)	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	(5) 0.2 (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	(⁵) (⁵) (⁵) (⁵)	(5) 0.3 (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	3.9 2.4 21.7 35.3 (⁵) (⁵) (⁵) 43.7	2.6 4.5 (⁵) (⁵) (⁵) (⁵) (⁵)
Finance, insurance, and real estate		23.0	0.5	(⁵)	2.9	(⁵)	0.2	18.9	0.6
Depository institutions Nondepository institutions Insurance carriers Real estate	60 61 63 65	12.9 4.5 42.5 11.9	1.5 (⁵)	(5)	(⁵) 1.5 4.0 6.4	(5)	(⁵) (⁵) 0.4 0.5		1.8 (⁵) (⁵) (⁵)
Services		37.4	7.6	0.1	2.1	0.7	9.3	8.0	9.6
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Educational services Social services Engineering and management services	70 72 73 75 76 79 80 82 83 87	7.0 38.5 23.0 5.5 10.0 15.2 69.6 24.9 25.1 2.6	3.9 11.3 (⁵) (⁵) 4.3 10.1 1.9 14.3 (⁵)	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	5.1 (⁵) (⁵)	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (1.1 1.6 1.2	0.8 1.2 (⁵)	14.6 3.9 (⁵) 10.0 2.9 15.2 2.3 0.9	(⁵) (⁵) 7.2 20.5 0.4 6.1 1.7
State and local government		35.6							9.9
State government		40.4							20.1
Services		61.6							32.5
Educational services	82	47.0	9.7	1.4	3.4	1.2			15.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Nonfatal occupational illness incidence rates by industry and category of illness, 2001 -- Continued

Indiana

Industry ¹	SIC code ²	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ³								
		Total cases	Skin diseases or disorders	of the	Respira- tory condi- tions due to toxic agents	Poisoning	Disorders due to physical agents	Disorders associ- ated with repeated trauma	All other occupational illnesses	
Local government		33.3	16.7	(⁵)	3.6	0.3	3.4	4.3	5.1	
Services		8.2	1.8	(⁵)	1.4	0.2	0.3	2.8	1.6	
Educational services	82	4.4	0.2	(⁵)	1.0	0.2	0.4	2.6	(⁵)	
Public administration		75.6	45.6	(⁵)	8.2	0.6	5.7	3.8	11.7	

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

N = number of illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

(Division B in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

 $^{^3}$ Incidence rates represent the number of illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

⁴ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁵ Incidence rate less than 0.05.

⁶ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. Data for Mining

Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded.

⁸ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.